



Republic of the Philippines
MUNICIPALITY OF CAGWAIT
PROVINCE OF SURIGAO DEL SUR

Office of the Sangguniang Bayan Secretary

January 13, 2026

The Honorable
Sangguniang Panlalawigan Members
Thru: **Hon. Manuel O. Alameda**
Provincial Vice Governor
Tandag City
Sir:



Pursuant to pertinent provision of the Local Government Code of 1991, I have the honor to submit the herein approved ordinance by the Sangguniang Bayan of Cagwait, for your review and approval, to wit:

ORD. NO. 45-25 – AN ORDINANCE IMPLEMENTING THE BANTAY AFRICAN SWINE FEVER (ASF) PROGRAM IN THE MUNICIPALITY OF CAGWAIT, PROVIDING FOR THE CREATION OF THE MUNICIPAL ASF TASK FORCE AND PRESCRIBING THE FUNCTIONS THEREOF.

Hoping for your favorable consideration and appropriate action.

Attached herewith:

- Certificate of Posting and Publication,

Very truly yours,

ALAN A. CABRERA
Secretary to the Sanggunian



Republic of the Philippines
MUNICIPALITY OF CAGWAIT
SURIGAO DEL SUR

Office of the Sangguniang Bayan Secretary

CERTIFICATE OF POSTING AND PUBLICATION

This is to certify that, in compliance to Section 59 of RA 7160; Article 113, IRR of R.A. No. 7160, copy of approved Ordinance titled hereunder was properly posted and published in three conspicuous places in the municipality.

ORDINANCE NO. 45-25 – AN ORDINANCE IMPLEMENTING THE BANTAY AFRICAN SWINE FEVER (ASF) PROGRAM IN THE MUNICIPALITY OF CAGWAIT, PROVIDING FOR THE CREATION OF THE MUNICIPAL ASF TASK FORCE AND PRESCRIBING THE FUNCTION THEREOF.

Date Enacted	:	December 16, 2025
Date Approved	:	January 13, 2026
Date Posted	:	January 13, 2026
Place Posted	:	Municipal Hall Bulletin Board; Tubo-tubo Public Terminal; and Poblacion Gymnasium Cagwait, Surigao del Sur

Certified Correct:

ALAN A. CABRERA

Secretary to the Sanggunian

Refer to: Committee on Agriculture/Fisheries
noted



Republika ng Pilipinas
LALAWIGAN NG SURIGAO DEL SUR
BAYAN NG CAGWAIT

Tanggapan ng Sangguniang Bayan

EXCERPT FROM THE MINUTES OF THE 46th REGULAR SESSION OF THE SANGGUNIANG BAYAN OF THE MUNICIPALITY OF CAGWAIT, SURIGAO DEL SUR, HELD AT THE SESSION HALL ON DECEMBER 16, 2025:

PRESENT:

Hon. Melchie C. Tuscano ----- Municipal Vice Mayor
(Presiding Officer)

REGULAR SANGGUNIANG BAYAN MEMBERS:

Hon. Armando P. Reyes	Hon. Rogen P. Tabugoc
Hon. Joanne Socorro L. Ubongen	Hon. Joel E. Bayogbog, CE
Hon. Arthur M. Sanchez	Hon. Guardianio C. Lozada
Hon. Amelito E. Estrada	

EX-OFFICIO MEMBERS:

Hon. Bernard V. Loma ----- LnB Fed. Pres./SB Member
Hon. Princess Chewon C. Park ----- SK Fed. Pres./SB Member

OFFICIAL ON LEAVE:

Hon. Angelyn P. Prado ----- SB Member

ORDINANCE NO. 45-25



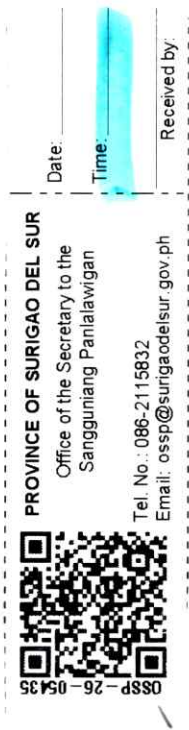
AN ORDINANCE IMPLEMENTING THE BANTAY AFRICAN SWINE FEVER (ASF) PROGRAM IN THE MUNICIPALITY OF CAGWAIT, PROVIDING FOR THE CREATION OF THE MUNICIPAL ASF TASK FORCE AND PRESCRIBING THE FUNCTIONS THEREOF:

WHEREAS, Section 447 (5)(xii) of the Local Government Code authorizes the Sangguniang Bayan to approve measures and adopt quarantine regulations to prevent the introduction and spread of diseases within its territorial jurisdiction;

WHEREAS, African Swine Fever (ASF) a high impact Trans-boundary Animal Disease (TAD), continues to affect the swine production sector of the Philippine with no vaccine and no known cure to date, resulting in an industry estimate of 36% reduction of national swine inventory impacting both the local livelihood and agricultural economy;

WHEREAS, the Department of Agriculture, Administrative Circular No. 12 series of 2019 or the National Zoning and Movement Plan for the prevention and control of ASF provides for the movement protocols through classification of the country into various zones in an effort to manage, contain and control the ASF virus;

WHEREAS, DA Administrative Order No. 6 series of 2021 states the guidelines on the recovery, rehabilitation and repopulation program for ASF affected and non-ASF affected areas which will facilitate the recovery of the swine industry in the country;



WHEREAS, the Department of Agriculture, likewise issued DA Administrative Order No. 7 series of 2001 or the implementing guidelines for the "Bantay ASF sa barangay Program" to empower the Local Government Officials including those in the barangays on their roles in the disease control programs of the government at the grassroots level for timely detection, management, control and prevention of spread of any diseases, particularly the ASF;

WHEREAS, Proclamation No. 1143 has been issued by the Office of the President declaring a State of Calamity throughout the Philippines due to the ASF outbreak, for a duration of one (1) year which maybe truncated or extended as deemed necessary, whereby all government agencies and LGUs are enjoined to render full assistance and cooperation with each other, mobilize necessary resources to undertake critical, urgent appropriate measures in a timely manner to curtail the further spread of ASF, address the supply deficit in pork products and reduce the retail prices and jumpstart the rehabilitation of the local hog industry;

WHEREAS, to ensure sustainability of the Bantay ASF sa Barangay or Bantay ASF Program in the municipality, it is imperative that it be adopted and implemented through an ordinance enacted for the purpose;

NOW THEREFORE:

BE IT ORDAINED, by the Sangguniang Bayan of the Municipality of Cagwait, Province of Surigao del Sur, in session assembled, that;

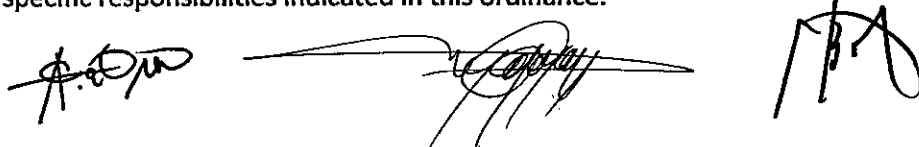
SECTION 1. Title. This Ordinance shall be known as the **"BANTAY ASF ORDINANCE OF THE MUNICIPALITY OF CAGWAIT, SURIGAO DEL SUR"**.

SECTION 2. Objectives. This ordinance shall have the following objectives:

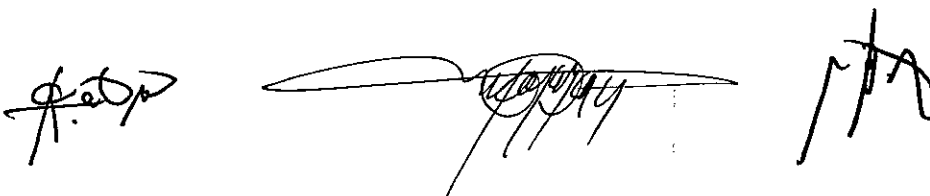
- a) To strengthen and institutionalize LGU engagement for ASF prevention and control;
- b) To establish an effective ASF monitoring, surveillance and reporting system;
- c) To strengthen biosecurity measures at the farm level and border control;
- d) To intensify awareness campaigns and other capacity building activities;
- e) To assist in the recovery and repopulation of previously affected areas;
- f) To generate and mobilize resources for an effective implementation of the program.

SECTION 3. Definition of Terms. For the purpose of implementing the provisions of this Ordinance, the following terms shall be mean:

- 3.1) Agricultural and Fisheries Council (AFCs) - are stakeholders nurtured by the Philippine Council for Agriculture and Fisheries (PCAF), private sector led and considered as the frontline mechanism for private sector participation in the agriculture and fisheries decision making processes and enterprise development initiative through the conduct of consultation for formulation of policy and program recommendations and participatory monitoring.
- 3.2) African Swine Fever (ASF) – is a severe viral disease that affects all breeds of domestic and wild pigs in the country and has already caused grave production and economic losses in the province and other parts of the region and Mindanao.
- 3.3) Barangay Biosecurity Officers (BBOs) – are Barangay Animal Technicians (BAT), Barangay Animal Health Worker (BHW), Para-veterinary Workers, Barangay Livestock Aide (BALA), Volunteer Veterinarians who are not resident or consulting veterinarian of any farm. Municipal Agricultural and Fishery Council (MAFC) Chairperson and Livestock Sectoral Chairperson or any person assigned by the "BANTAY ASF SA BARANGAY PROGRAM: and shall have specific responsibilities indicated in this ordinance.



- 3.4) Biosecurity Level I – refer to the level of farm biosecurity in compliance to minimum standards set by the Philippine College of Swine Practitioners (PCSP).
- 3.5) The Bureau of Animal Industry (BAI) - is the primary agency mandated to control animal diseases in the country.
- 3.6) Commercial Farm – is a farm category for any farm with a swine population that exceeds the definition of a small-hold farm. In high density areas, commercial farms are further classified into:
- 3.6.1 Semi-Commercial Farm which to at least one of the following:
- Between 10-50 sow level
 - Between 41-500 fatteners
- 3.6.2 Commercial Farm which refers to at least one of the following:
- 51 sow level and above
 - 501 fatteners and above
- 3.7) Community is hereby defined in this Ordinance as a barangay or clustered barangays.
- 3.8) Consulting Veterinarians – refer to veterinarians employed in 300 sow-level farms and below as defined by the Implementing Rules and Regulations (IRR) of Republic Act 8485 or the Animal Welfare Act of 1998.
- 3.9) Contingency Plan – outline of the needed, plans and procedures in the event of an incursion of the disease.
- 3.10) Department of Agriculture (DA) - is the Executive Branch of the Philippine Government mandated to improve, upgrade and regulate the agricultural sector.
- 3.11) The Department of Agriculture – National Livestock Program is the regional program of DA mandated to drive and catalyze the accelerated and sustainable development of the livestock and poultry sub-sectors through the formulation of a comprehensive policy, preparation of plans, and implementation of programs and projects.
- 3.12) The Department of Agriculture – Regional Field Office (DA-RFO)- is the regional branch of the DA that facilitates and supervise the formulation and execution of policies, plans and program of the Department in the respective regions.
- 3.13) Local Government Unit (LGU) – is an administrative and political government unit subsidiary to the national government which could itself consist of sub-units as in the case of a province, a municipality or a city.
- 3.14) Paiwi/Paalaga pertains to the system of rearing animals in some areas in the Philippines whereby the case and management of few animals are delegated to individuals in a community.
- 3.15) Resident Veterinarians refer to veterinarians employed in more than 300 sow-level farms as defined in the IRR of Republic Act 8485 or the Animal Welfare Act of 1998.



3.16) Small-hold Farm (PNS/BAFS) 267:2019: Code of Good Animal Husband Practice (GAHAP) for swine commonly known as backyard farm, which refers to at least one of the following:

- Less than 21 heads of adult and zero head of young (1-20 heads adult and zero young and below)
- Less than 41 heads of young animals (1-40 heads young and below)
- Less than 10 heads of adult and 22 heads of young 1-9 heads adult and 1-21 heads young and below

3.17) Veterinary Biosecurity Officers (VetBO) – are Resident Veterinarians on Veterinary Consultants recognized as Biosecurity officers or VetBO registered and deputized to act as such and perform the duties and responsibilities stated in the Ordinance.

SECTION 4. Creation of Municipal ASF Task Force. By virtue of DA AO No. 43 series of 2020, and ASF Task Force is hereby created. It shall be the main authority to oversee the implementation of this ordinance and other related activities as maybe provided by rules and regulations and guidelines promulgated by higher authority or mandated by the national laws.

4.1 Composition of Municipal ASF Task Force. A Municipal ASF Task Force shall be created and be composed of the following:

Chairperson	: Municipal Mayor
Co-chairperson	: Municipal Agriculturist Office
Members	: Municipal Planning & Development Office
	Municipal Disaster Risk Reduction & Management Officer
	Municipal Environment & Natural Resources (MENRO)
	Municipal Health Office (MHO)
	Philippine National Police (PNP)
	SB Committee on Agriculture
	President, Liga ng mga Barangay
	MFARMC/MAFC Chairperson
	CSO Representative

The Task Force may include other agencies or stakeholders not mentioned in this ordinance but has an immense part in its implementation and who shall be named as the expanded members of the Task Force.

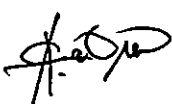
A Technical Working Group (TWG) headed by the Municipal Veterinarian and composed of government and private sector stakeholders can be created to serve as the advisory body of the Task Force for the efficient implementation of the Bantay ASF Program.

4.2 Technical Support Teams

Rapid Action Team - shall carry out of the immediate diagnosis of suspect premises and the initiation and implementation of the stamping out procedures.

Representative from the:

- Municipal Agriculture Office
- Municipal Risk and Reduction Disaster Coordinating Council
- Rural Health Office
- Philippine National Police (PNP)



Surveillance Team - shall conduct regular surveillance and profiling of swine diseases in the identified priority areas.

Representative from the:

- Office Veterinarian/Municipal Agriculture
- Municipal Environment and Natural Resources Office (MENRO)
- Rural health Office
- Food and Drug Administration Representative or any substitute related office

Quarantine Team - shall manage on swine population, location, etc.

Representative from the:

- Office of the Municipal Veterinarian
- Philippine National Police

Census Team - shall conduct periodic identification and consolidation of date swine population, location, etc.

Representative from the:

- Municipal Information Office
- Municipal Agriculturist Office
- Private Sector (NGOs & CSOs)

IEC Team - shall ensure adequate awareness of the general public matters and updates to African Swine Fever.

Representative from the:

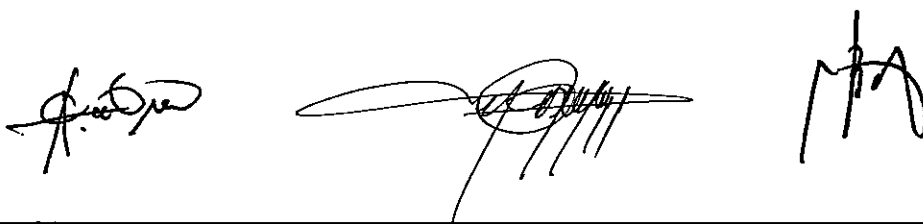
- Municipal Veterinarian Office
- Municipal Planning & Development Office
- LGU Information Office
- Department of Education
- Private Sector Representative (CSOs, NGOs)

Capability Building Team - shall conduct trainings and other similar activities to ensure that the stakeholders, including the BBO, are given ample knowledge on the role and responsibilities they need to undertake.

Representative from the:

- Municipal Veterinarian Office
- Bureau of Animal Industry/NLP
- ATI
- DA-RFO

SECTION 5. Function of the LGU ASF Task Force. The main functions of the LGU ASF Task Force include but are not limited to the following:



- a) Main implementor of the "Babay ASF" Program;
- b) Formulate local issuances, ordinances and contingency plans for the ASF prevention and control measures in the municipality;
- c) Initiate and coordinate all ASF-related activities including quick response, diseases investigation, surveillance, animal movement control, information and education and logistics to relevant agencies such as the National, Regional, Provincial and Municipal ASF Task Force;
- d) Conduct capability building activities;
- e) Disseminate information, guidelines and memoranda to all stakeholders;
- f) Regularly submit reports to the Local Chief Executive on the status of its activities;
- g) Perform such other functions as maybe necessary for the full and proper implementation of ASF prevention and control protocols within the municipality.

5.1 Intensify Risk Assessment, Surveillance or Veterinary Consultants who shall be recognized as Biosecurity Officers or VetBO while BBOs are Community/Village-Based Animal Technicians (CBAT), Barangay Animal Health Workers (BAHW), para Veterinary Workers, Barangay Livestock Aide (BALA), volunteer Provincial/Municipal Agricultural and Fishery Council representatives or any person assigned/endorsed by the city/municipality to act as such and perform the duties and responsibilities stated in this order.

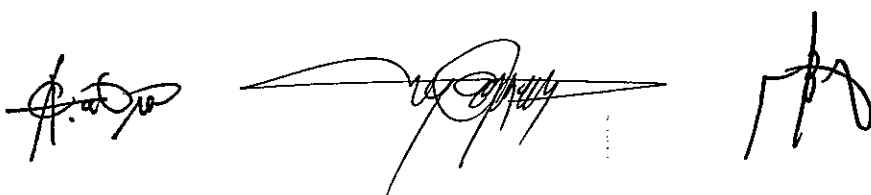
PVO all VetBOs and BBOs shall be registered and deputized by the Provincial Veterinary Office (PVO), VetBO shall apply directly to PVO, while BBO shall be assigned/endorsed by the MVO/MHO/MVO. Upon completion of all requirements and training, a Biosecurity Officer Code will be issued by the PVO.

MVO/MAO/NIVO – the MVO/NIVO/MAO shall endorse the list of registered BBO to be issued a Biosecurity Officer Code by the PVO.

To fast track the implementation of this activity, all existing networks of Animal Health Workers such as Barangay Animal Livestock Aide (BALA), Barangay Animal Health Workers (BAHW), and other similar barangay officials assigned to assist in the implementation of different animal health programs shall be readily designated for this purpose.

5.1.1 Duties and Responsibilities of Biosecurity Officers.

- 1. Barangay Sample Collection - in their assigned areas or farm in coordination/supervision of the Municipal Veterinarian or the Municipal Agriculturist in the event that the Municipality does not have a veterinarian employed in their LGU.
- 2. Biosecurity Evaluation and Assignment of Biosecurity Level – in all the farms assigned to the Biosecurity Officers.
- 3. On time reporting and submission of weekly ASF.
- 4. Regular Diseases monitoring and biosecurity evaluation of commercial, semi-commercial, paiwi and small hold farms to their respective LGUs and the summary of which will be submitted to the Provincial Veterinary Office of the City or by Municipal Agriculture Office.
- 5. Immediate reporting of any farms with animals showing clinical signs suggestive of ASF infection for corresponding actions such as surveillance and disease investigations.



5.1.2 Disease Investigation – is prompted where there is a report of a suspect case of ASF in the area. The Municipal ASF Task Force in coordination with the Provincial ASF Task Force (PATF) and Regional ASF Task Force (RATF) shall act quickly on the reported case by conducting thorough disease investigation and sample collection. Blood organ samples to be collected for disease investigation shall come from 30 randomly selected animals preferably exhibiting clinical signs consistent with that of ASF, if the population is greater than 30. If the population is less than 30, samples shall be collected from all pigs in the farm.

A disease investigation activity shall be conducted in accordance with the protocol set in Annex 2 of the DA-AO.

5.1.3 Surveillance

The following actions shall be done in compliance to the Section 3.3 of the DA AO No. 7 series of 2021.

1. Barangay Clustering and Testing (initial test during exist from quarantine protocol or initial phase of population program and every six (6) months thereafter);
2. Paiwi/Semi-commercial/Commercial Farms Testing every six (6) months;
3. Slaughterhouse Testing (initial test during exist from quarantine protocol or initial phase of repopulation program and every six (6) months thereafter); and
4. Meat Market Testing (initial test during exit from quarantine protocol or initial phase of repopulation program and every six (6) months thereafter).

Furthermore, a detailed protocol or surveillance within one (1) km. quarantine are from the ASF infected premises is stipulate in Annex 3 of the said DA AO.

5.2 Strengthen Biosecurity Implementation:

5.2.1 Monitoring:

5.2.1.1 Conduct monitoring of hog raisers, compliance to ordinances related to control, containment and prevention of the spread of ASF.

5.2.2 Establishment of Hog Industry Geotagging System:

5.2.2.1 Updated Animal Inventory to be submitted to the Provincial Veterinary Office January of every year.

5.2.2.2 Masterlist of Farmers including the name, barangay, animal inventify, coordinates, biosecurity level (must be RSBSA registered).

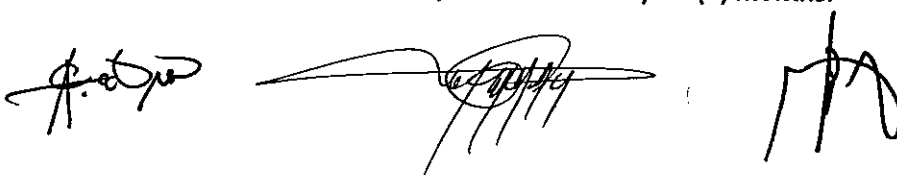
5.2.2.3 Incident cases/area mapping ASF – affected areas and other swine diseases and traceability based on the submitted reports by the Task Force.

5.2.2.4 List of Barangay Biosecurity Officers endorsed by Municipal Mayor.

5.2.3 Structure Modification:

5.2.3.1 Clustering of farmers with at least biosecurity level 1 to ensure strict biosecurity implementation.

5.2.3.2 Farm Biosecurity Evaluation every six (6) months.



5.2.4 Issuance of Hog Transport Pass:

- 5.2.4.1 Facilitate the registration of all hog traders and other logistical support providers and their respective transport vehicles and vessels transacting business in the province with the end view of traceability and maintaining diseases free areas hereby achieving safe, clean and orderly handling of commodities throughout the stages of marketing or distribution channels.
- 5.2.4.2 Regularly submit the list of traders in the municipality which will be forwarded to the DA-RFO and the BAI for the issuance of hog transport pass in accordance with Annex G of DA-AO No. 7 series of 2021.
- 5.2.4.3 Ensure that no hog traders and livestock transport carries shall be allowed to transact business within each province without the Hog Transport Pass (HTP) which shall be a requirement before issuance of Veterinary Health Certificate (VHC). All livestock transport carries are required to comply with the biosecurity measures such as cleaning disinfection as maybe imposed by the authorities. Any violation in this guidelines by the hog traders and other logistical support providers shall immediately render his/her HTP revoked.

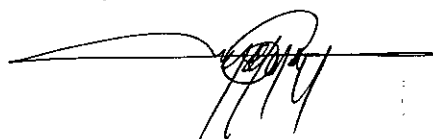
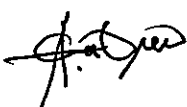
5.2.5 Participate in Capability Building and Awareness Campaign.

- 5.2.5.1 Orientation of ASF Task Force members on their roles, responsibilities and expected outputs.
- 5.2.5.2 Training of the Barangay Biosecurity Officers.
- 5.2.5.3 Conduct awareness campaigns to ensure that biosecurity protocols are duly observed by the farmers, discouraging the use of swill as feed for hogs and bringing farmers to register in the Farmers Registry developed for livestock farmers. Engagement of agencies including the DA Communications Group, Agriculture and Fisheries Information Division (AFID), Regional Agriculture and Fisheries Information Sections (RAFIS), Agriculture Training Institute (ATI) and Local Government (Provincial to Municipal) information office and all media resources of government shall be involved.

5.3 Lead the Recovery and Repopulation.

5.3.1 Sentinel Program (for ASF Infected Areas)

- 5.3.1.1 Letter of intent to Undergo Exit from Quarantine Protocol.
- 5.3.1.2 Cleaning and Disinfection of all facilities of the farms within 1 km. radius of infected premises.
- 5.3.1.3 Validation of cleaning and disinfection (must have negative laboratory results on ASF)
 - Bioassay 1 at a day 7 after cleaning and disinfection.
 - Bioassay 2 at day 14 after cleaning and disinfection.
 - Bioassay for all the farms within 500 meters of infected premise.
- 5.3.1.4 Sentinel Animals (must have negative laboratory results on ASF)
 - Screening test as Day 7
 - Screening test at Day 21
 - PCR Test at Day 40



SECTION 6. Authority Given to ASF Task Force.

6.1 Regulatory Authority – The Municipal ASF Task Force shall have the authority to regulate movement of live pigs, pork, pork products, by-products and other products with pork ingredients in line with the national issuances and guidelines.

6.2 Visitorial Power – Upon presenting appropriate credentials or authority to the owner, manager, operator, agent or any person within the premises, the Municipal ASF Task Force shall have the power to enter and inspect swine farms and other related livestock establishments anytime, conduct disease investigation, surveillance, monitoring and collection of laboratory specimens and sample, impose preventive and control measures therein, in coordination with, and as maybe necessary, subject to biosafety and biosecurity entry requirements of concerned farms establishments.

6.3 Seizure and Confiscation – The Municipal ASF Task Force shall have the authority to seize and confiscate animals, animal carcasses, products and by-products, feeds, feed ingredients, feed supplements and feed additives, veterinary biologics, drugs, products and devices and such other materials or substances that are undocumented or of unknown source and conditions and are showing signs of ASF, or posing an imminent danger, threat and injury to the overall animal health situation in their respective jurisdictions.

6.4 Animal Condemnation and other Disease Control Measures – The Municipal ASF Task Force shall the authority to institute condemnation and eradication measures on animals that are diseased or reasonably suspected to be infected with ASF, and are deemed a great risks to the swine population.

SECTION 7. Declaration of ASF Free Status

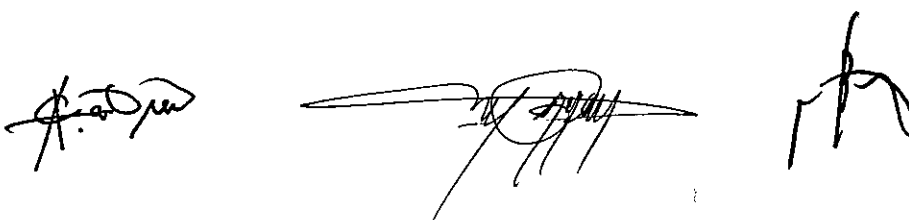
There are two levels of Declaration of ASF Free Status of an area previously infected with ASF.

The first level is the Municipal Level Local Declaration of ASF Free Status for Municipalities with certain barangays which have been previously infected with ASF and will be declared by the Bureau of Animal Industry. All infected barangays of the municipality must be locally declared ASF Free area prior to application to be declared ASF Free on a national level.

The guidelines for the declaration of ASF Free Status is subject to adaptation as deemed necessary by DA-BAI.

SECTION 8. Implementing Rules and Regulations. The provisions of the Administrative Orders issued by the Department of Agriculture, DA-AO No. 6 s. 2021 and DA-AO No. 7 s. 2021, shall be the implementing rules and regulations for this ordinance and shall be implemented in the whole Municipality of Cagwait.

SECTION 9. Funds and Resources. Budgetary Requirements for the control and prevention of ASF will be provided by the LGU through allocation of appropriations for operating expenses and incentives and/or compensation allowance for the "Babay ASF" members.



SECTION 10. Violations/Prohibited Acts.

10.1 Any person or entity found to have committed any of the following instances/acts shall be deemed in violation of this ordinance;

10.1.1 Tampering and Falsification of documents such as, but limited to:

- 10.1.1.1 Veterinary Health Certificate;
- 10.1.1. 2 Certificate Free Status on ASF;
- 10.1.1. 3 Laboratory Test Results for ASF;
- 10.1.1. 4 Weekly Negative Disease Monitoring Report;
- 10.1.1. 5 Biosecurity Evaluation Form.

10.1.2 Concealment of information.

10.1.3 Removal of diseased animals from quarantine areas.

10.1.4 Movement of animals without necessary permits/documents.

10.1.5 Non-Reporting/Delay on Reporting.

10.1.6 Interference/Disobedience to persons in authority.

10.1.7 Refusal to farm inspection and conduct of surveillance.

10.1.8 Data privacy issues.

SECTION 11. Any violation of the provision of this ordinance, shall be administratively fine not to exceed Php2,500.00 or depending upon the discretion of the court.

SECTION 12. Separability Clause. If, for any reason or reasons, any section or part of this ordinance shall be held unconstitutional or invalid, other sections or parts hereof which are not affected thereby shall continue to be in full force and effect.

SECTION 13. Repealing Clause and Amending Clause. All orders, rules and regulations or part thereto which are inconsistent with any of the provisions of his ordinance are hereby repealed or amended accordingly.

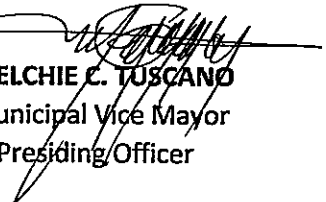
SECTION 14. Effectivity Clause. This Ordinance shall take effect immediately and shall remain in full force until expressly revoked.

Adopted and approved this 16th day of December 2025 authored by Hon. Arthur M. Sanchez and co-authored by Hon. Rogen P. Tabugoc and Hon. Amelito E. Estrada.

Unanimously Approved

I HEREBY CERTIFY to the correctness of the above-quoted ordinance.

ATTESTED:


MELCHIE C. TUSCANO
Municipal Vice Mayor
Presiding Officer


ALAN A. CABRERA
Secretary to the Sanggunian

APPROVED:


GLENN G. BATANCILA, REE
Municipal Mayor

Date of Approval: 01/13/26 

